

DEATH FIGHT

Details of the Terrible Struggle in Mountains of Kentucky.

NINE KNOWN DEAD

While Others Are Seriously Injured--Trouble Not Over.

Knoxville, Tenn., Feb. 12.—A special to the Journal and Tribune, from its Middlesboro, Ky., correspondent, says: "Six are dead and as many more are dying as the result of a battle between officers from Middlesboro and mountaineers. The battle, which was one of the most desperate things of its kind in the history of mountain warfare, occurred between 4 and 6 a. m. yesterday at Lee Turner's 'Quarter House' saloon, three and a half miles from Middlesboro.

Middlesboro, Ky., Feb. 13.—According to the latest reports from the scene of yesterday's fight at Lee Turner's quarterhouse in Bell county, nine were killed and one mortally wounded.

The dead: Charles Cecil, deputy sheriff.

Charles Dye, negro, Marsh Wilson, Perry Watson, Frank Johnson, Turner's chief lieutenant; Jim Prado and a man named Hooper, all being mountaineers.

Jack Doyle of the posse. It is claimed an unknown moonshiner perished in the flames with which Turner's saloon were burned. Several other persons are reported burned to death, although there is no confirmation of the rumor.

The officers' posse, it is claimed, numbered 40, and they were opposed by 22 mountaineers.

Turner Calls Friends to Aid. Lee Turner, who is now at Mingo mines, denies that he took part in the fight. It is reported he has called 50 of his friends together to avenge the death of his companions and resist any attempt which may be made by the officers to arrest him or any member of the mountaineers who took part in the fight.

WOODWARD IS HELD

Physician Indicted for Causing the Death of Miss Myrtle Gale.

Geneva, Ill., Feb. 13.—Dr. Charles Woodward was indicted by the grand jury here Tuesday for the alleged murder of Myrtle Gale, who died at Aurora on Wednesday, Jan. 22, from the effects of blood poisoning following an unlawful operation. The indictment was returned after a two days' session of the grand jury, during which time numerous witnesses, including Chief of Police Michaels and Coroner Mead, were examined. Other indictments are pending.

The grand jury told the mother just before her death that only Dr. Woodward had used an instrument on her. William Foster, of Plano, a banker and a prominent business man of that city, made a deposition before Coroner Mead that he had held improper relations with Miss Gale, and has since her death been confined to his bed with nervous prostration. Miss Gale had been a clerk in his bank for three years previous to her departure for Evanston.

THE SUFFRAGISTS

National Convention of Women Who Would Vote Opens in Washington.

Washington, Feb. 13.—At an informal meeting of the National Woman Suffrage association, held previous to the assembling of the regular convention, the subject of organization for the advancement of the cause of woman suffrage was discussed. Upon the suggestion of Mrs. Catt, the members declared it to be the sense of the organization that all should join in an effort to double the membership. When the association proper was called to order the reports of the committees and officers were read and approved.

NEW SITE DONATED

Nice Tract Near Baltimore Offered to John S. Hopkins University.

Baltimore, Feb. 13.—It is learned today that 175 acres of land in the northern suburbs of Baltimore have been unconditionally donated as a new site for John S. Hopkins university.

PRESIDENT'S SON NOW CONSIDERED OUT OF DANGER.

Groton, Mass., Feb. 13.—Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., will meet the crisis of his condition is such that it was announced the president would leave for Washington this afternoon.

The crisis of the disease in the right lung has passed successfully and the left lung is cleared to the satisfaction of the doctors. The boy is now considered out of danger.



THEODORE ROOSEVELT, JR. his illness today, and if he continues as well as he is at this writing will meet it successfully, and be safe to-morrow.

Groton, Feb. 13.—Young Roosevelt passed a good night and this morning

OF DRASTIC NATURE HAVE FIGHT AT SEA

Bill Passed by the House to Regulate the Sale of Butter Substitutes.

GETS THROUGH THE HOUSE SAFELY

Filipino Federal Party Sends a Memorial to Congress Asking Popular Civil Government.

Washington, Feb. 13.—The house yesterday passed the oleomargarine bill. There was no division on the final passage, the real test of strength having been made on a motion to recommit, which was defeated by a majority of thirty-four. The provision to require the inspection and branding of renovated butter, which was adopted in committee of the whole Tuesday, was retained yesterday on an aye and nay vote. As finally passed the bill is somewhat modified from the form in which it was reported from the committee on agriculture. It makes oleomargarine, or imitation butter, or cheese, transported into any state or territory for sale or consumption therein, subject to the laws of such states or territory, notwithstanding that it may be introduced in original packages—and imposes a tax of 10 cents per pound on oleomargarine made in imitation of "butter of any grade or quality."

Strongest Provision of the Bill. When not made in such imitation, the tax is reduced to one-fourth of 1 cent per pound. The second section is intended to prevent dealers, hotel proprietors, and restaurant and boarding house keepers from coloring the uncolored article by making any person who colors the product and then sells or furnishes it to others a manufacturer within the meaning of the act. Penalties for violation of the act are a fine of not less than \$50 nor more than \$500, and imprisonment for not less than thirty days nor more than six months.

"Renovated Butter" Section. The new section relating to the inspection and branding of renovated butter is as follows: "That the secretary of agriculture is hereby authorized and required to cause a rigid sanitary inspection to be made from time to time, and at such times as he may deem necessary, of all factories and storerooms where butter is renovated; and all butter renovated at such places shall be carefully inspected in the same manner and to the same extent and purpose that meat products are now inspected. The quantity and quality of butter renovated shall be reported monthly. All renovated butter shall be designated as such by marks, brands, and labels, and the words 'renovated butter' shall be printed on all packages thereof in such manner as may be prescribed by the secretary of agriculture, and shall be sold only as renovated butter. No renovated butter shall be shipped or transported from one state to another, or to foreign countries, unless inspected as provided in this section."

MEMORIAL FROM FILIPINOS.

Federal Party says Peace Will Come with Popular Civil Government.

Washington, Feb. 13.—The memorial of the Federal party of the Philippine Islands was transmitted to the senate yesterday afternoon by the secretary of war. The memorial was adopted at an extraordinary session of the Federal party held in Manila in November. It sets forth that the performance of that obligation of the treaty of Paris which authorized the annexation of the Philippine Islands has been deferred to this time because of the attack by the Filipinos upon the sovereignty of the islands. The memorial says, through a misunderstanding and not through the United States, an act brought about of the American sovereignty.

It further states that out of the sixty provinces and districts, war exists in only two—Batangas and Samar. It also asserts that it is a demonstrated fact that the pueblos or towns anxiously desire "a definitive civil rule," and says that those who are still in arms allege the lack of a civil regime "agreed upon and promulgated by the congress of the United States as a weighty pretext for their belligerent attitude, which regime shall determine at once the political status and civil rights of the inhabitants of the archipelago in accordance with the treaty of Paris."

The memorial then makes a present-

ation of the metropolitan was today bestowed on Joseph Chamberlain, colonial secretary, when at Guild hall was conferred on him the freedom of the city in a gold casket.

The address in connection with the presentation congratulated Chamberlain on the services rendered the empire in the past 25 years, emphasizing especially the manner the colonies were welded together.

National Objects of Empire. In reply Chamberlain disclaimed any intention of making political capital out of the occasion and made a strong appeal for national support, saying the government had two great national objects in view, to establish beyond question British authority in South Africa and to maintain the unity of the empire. Both objects, he said, were involved in the South African war.

Colombian Fleet Encounters Insurgent Iron Clad Padilla. The Padilla was hit three times and sought protection from the insurgent guns ashore.

Latter Finally Retires for Protection of the Shore Batteries.

IN AN HOUR'S ENGAGEMENT

Latest Legal Action is the Dissolution of an Injunction.

Laporte, Ind., Feb. 13.—Judge Baker, of the federal court, has dissolved the injunction obtained recently by the

Yates at Rockford

Goes There to Address the Graduates of a Business College.

Rockford, Ill., Feb. 11.—Governor and Mrs. Richard Yates, accompanied by Colonel and Mrs. J. H. Strong, of Chicago, arrived in this city Tuesday, and are the guests of Colonel and Mrs. William Nelson.

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A HIGH HONOR

Bestowed Upon Chamberlain, British Colonial Secretary.

GIVEN GOLD CASKET

Containing Freedom of London--Talks of South Africa.

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The address in connection with the presentation congratulated Chamberlain on the services rendered the empire in the past 25 years, emphasizing especially the manner the colonies were welded together.

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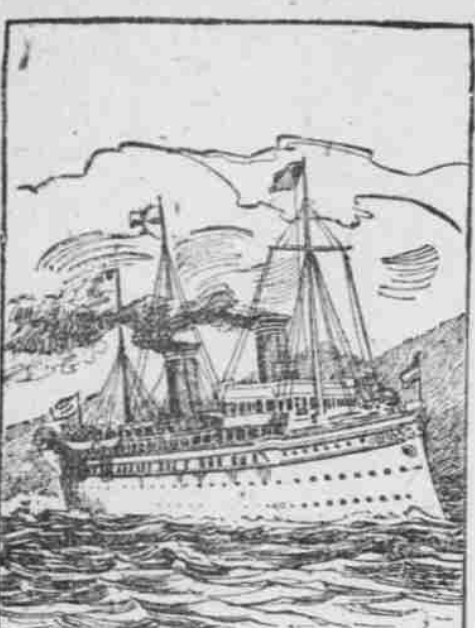
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GERMAN IMPERIAL YACHT WHICH ARRIVED YESTERDAY.



THE HOHENZOLLERN. New York, Feb. 13.—The German imperial yacht Hohenzollern, com-

GERMANY AMAZED

Cranborne's Late Remarks About That-Who-Was-the-Friend? Matter Startles Her.

STATEMENT DECLARED A QUIBBLE

One of the Documents to Prove Pannecote's Action is Published--the View at Washington.

Berlin, Feb. 13.—In the British house of commons Tuesday Lord Cranborne said, referring to recent German assertions, that Lord Pannecote, British ambassador at Washington, had tried to unite the European powers in a protest against the action of the United States as to Cuba in 1898, that "her late majesty's government never proposed through her majesty's ambassador or otherwise any declaration adverse to the action of the United States in Cuba. On the contrary, her late majesty's government declined to assent to any such proposal."

The official Reichsanzeiger last evening published a statement to clear up the matter, containing two of the documents depended upon to prove Lord Pannecote's action to have been as alleged. One of these documents is a telegram from Dr. Von Holleben, dated Washington, as follows: "The British ambassador today took the initiative, in a very remarkable manner, in a few collective steps of the representatives of the great powers here. We suppose the queen recent made representations to the Queen of England. In this sense the six representatives at the request of the British ambassador are telegraphing to their governments about the matter."

The German officials point out that Henry Norman's diary in the house of commons was framed to give the appearance of covering fully the North German Gazette's statement Monday, without doing so, as the German side was charged that the British ambassador generally did anything, but that one ambassador, Lord Pannecote, made a proposal. Lord Cranborne's answer, therefore, is treated as a mere verbal quibble.

Referring to a statement cabled from United States official sources, that the United States never received such a proposition from Great Britain as that described here, the informant of the Associated Press added: "Of course not. We have never charged that the matter reached the American government, but said the proposition was balked by Germany before going so far."

The pillar of this statement from the United States is that Lord Pannecote was requested by the Austrian minister to ascertain, as dean of the diplomatic corps, to see what measure of support in the corps a move favorable representation to the United States would receive. Pannecote assented, confident that it was useless, and not endorsing it himself, to submit to the other diplomats the Austrian proposition.

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inguid by Admiral Count von Badi-sha, arrived at New York yesterday afternoon a day ahead of her schedule. When she sailed from St. Thomas on Saturday last cable advices stated that she would proceed to Bermuda and after a stay of a day or so in that port proceed to the United States. Her non-arrival at Bermuda occasioned some apprehension that she had met with heavy weather, but the entire voyage was smooth, with the exception that there was a strong westerly gale Tuesday.

The Hohenzollern was recognized by the shipping in the harbor, and nearly all the passing vessels saluted either with a dip of the colors or a whistle. The Kaiser's yacht is a bark-rigged, two-funnel, man-of-war-like craft with a mainmast. She shows no guns in sight, but carries two pieces for saluting purposes.

The formal welcome to the German cruiser on the part of this government will not take place until the prince admiral is on board.

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